

# **Collecting at Baia dos Elefantes**







Baia dos Elefantes is situated 20km south of Equimina. In 2017, much of the land was bought by a development corporation whose plans will transform the locality into a large tourist resort.

Rolán & Röckel did not publish a separate list of Cone species from the Bay choosing to integrate in their listing, specimens from the bays of Equimina, Elefantes and Piambo. There is no record of any specimens from Elefantes in their 2000 paper.

#### Conus lineopunctatus Kaicher, 1977

*Conus lineopunctatus* Kaicher, 1977. The lectotype is labelled Baia dos Elefantes and it does match specimens found today at Elefantes.





Lectotype 38mm *C. lineopunctatus* USNM Elefantes

Lectotype figure *C. neoguttatus*.

*C. lineopunctatus* of Kaicher is a broad white shell with white aperture; well spaced solid brown marks on the shoulder and a pattern of spiral rows of well spaced brown dots. *C. neoguttatus* Da Motta, 1991 is now considered a synonym. It differs in pattern by having fewer large dots or chevrons and isolated patches of brown.

The holotype of *C. micropunctatus* has a similar pattern but is a narrower shell with many closely positioned rows of spiral dots and axial brown hairlines on the shoulder.



Elefantes 32mm CS



Elefantes 28mm CS



Elefantes 32mm GM

The two specimens on the left are very similar to the lectotype of *C. lineopunctatus* with a slight difference in the hairline pattern on the shoulder. The specimen on the right may be better interpreted as *C. micropunctatus*; it has the wide shoulder of *C. lineopunctatus* but the number of spiral rows of closely spaced dots plus the pattern of thin hairlines on the shoulder favour *C. micropunctatus*.



Elefantes 36mm CS Elefantes 27mm CS Elefantes 30mm CS In many specimens of *C. lineopunctatus*, the pattern evolves into larger dots and chevrons which join to form axial markings.



Elefantes www.atollseashells.com Elefantes 28mm Other patterns with a spiral orientation of bands are common.







Elefantes 29mm GM Elefantes 28mm GM Elefantes 30mm GM While most specimens have a very broad shoulder, other adults have a narrower shape. The specimen on the right is a shell found at several localities and has been interpreted by authors as *C. lineopunctatus*; perhaps *species* aff. *lineopunctatus* would be a more appropriate label until further specimens are tested.



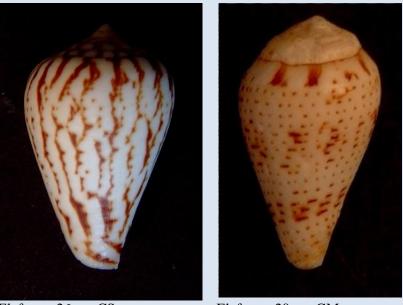




Specimens with a green or blue ground colour are found with a purple aperture. The left specimen has the shape and pattern of typical *C. lineopunctatus* but is greenish with a white band at shoulder and below the middle; traits associated with *C. trovaoi*.



Elefantes 21mm Elefantes 22mm CA Elefantes 27mm GM
Other specimens from Elefantes with a blue or green ground colour and purple aperture have pattern elements of *C. lineopunctatus* such as the 21mm and 27mm specimens. The 22mm specimen is most difficult to interpret.



Elefantes 26mm CS Elefantes 20mm GM Specimens of *C. lineopunctatus* show a wide variation in shape

## Conus micropunctatus. Rolan & Rockel, 2000





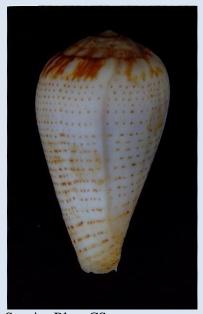


*C. micropunctatus* Elefantes 31mm CS

Elefantes 23mm CS

Elefantes 32mm GM

Specimens with the typical pattern and shape of *C. micropunctatus* are found at Elefantes(31mm specimen). The 32mm specimen has closely packed rows of dots and hairlines on the shoulder but has a broad shape. The middle specimen at 23mm has a pattern of more widely spaced rows of dots and widely spaced marks on the shoulder. (possibly *C. lineopunctatus*)







Species Blue CS Elefantes 26mm

Species Blue CS Elefantes 31mm

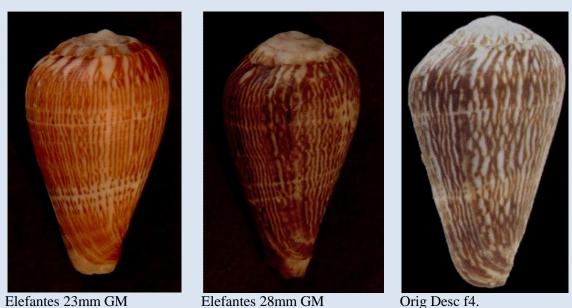
Specimens with a greyish blue ground colour(26mm) have a pattern of dots and also a purple aperture. These specimens with a pattern of well spaced dots probably have a greater affinity to C. line opunctatus.

#### Conus trovaoi Rolan & Rockel, 2000



Specimens of typical form of C. trovaoi are found at Elefantes (26/20mm) whereas the right specimen (28mm) has a greyish blue ground colour and white band below the middle but has axial streaks of dark brown. However, in limited areas of the whorl a pattern of spiral dots is found. Such specimens share traits of *C. trovaoi* and *C. lineopunctatus*.

#### Conus tenuilineatus Rolán & Röckel, 2001



Rolán & Röckel do not cite specimens from Elefantes as paratypes but include the area around Elefantes in their distribution spreadsheet. Specimens are difficult to separate from *C. naranjus* which is found in bays nearby to Elefantes. The shell, fig 4 in the original description, on the right above, has the same pattern and shape including thin spiral lines in its upper half and a spiral band below middle.

## Conus variegatus Kiener, 1845.



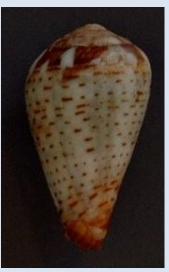




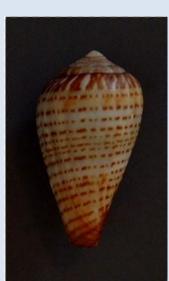


Lectotype fig Elefantes 19mm CS Elefantes 22mm CS Elefantes 24mm CS Although not recorded in the Rolán & Röckel distribution list from the Elefantes area, based on the representative figure of the type of *C. variegatus*, we can conclude that typical forms of *C. variegatus* are found at Elefantes





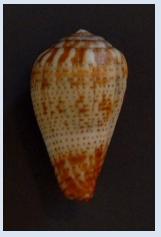




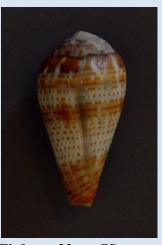
Elefantes 17mm CS Elefantes 20mm CS Elefantes 17mm CS Elefantes 20mm CS

Variations of this form are based on a greenish/orange ground colour and usually a white spiral band below the middle with variable size and density of brown dashes in spiral rows.

All specimens have a purple aperture with two white bands.

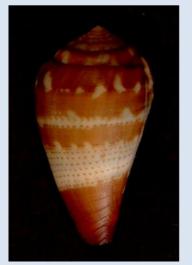








Elefantes 21mm CS Elefantes 19mm CS Elefantes 23mm CS Elefantes 24mm CS Other variations include a broad spiral band of green at the middle with a thin white band and solid brown on shoulder and basal areas. The shape varies as does the extent of the brown markings which become a darker brown.



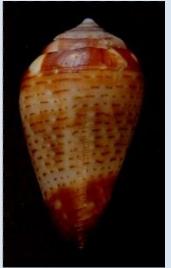






Elefantes 22mm CS Elefantes 20mm CS
These specimens show the variation in pattern.

Elefantes 19mm CS Elefantes







Elefantes 23mm CS Elefantes 24mm CS Elefantes 22mm CS Specimens with more solid brown markings and white bands of white or blue are often labelled *C. bocagei* but that species has a white ground colour and a light bluish aperture.





Elefantes 19mm CS

Elefantes 21mm CS

Both specimens have large areas of solid dark brown in their pattern, far removed from the typical form. Further tests are required to check the radula and DNA of these forms.

# Conus chytreus Tryon, 1884







Elefantes 30mm Elefantes 31mm Elefantes 24mm Atoll These specimens have been published as *C. chytreus* from Elefantes.









Elefantes 27mm CS 1 Elefantes 30mm CS 2 Elefantes 31mm CS 3 Similar specimens can be found today. In most specimens the spiral lines are broken into dots or dashes on a whitish ground colour; the aperture is white. In specimen 2, the aperture begins to have a purple blotch. Specimen 3 however shows many traits of *C. variegatus* with a bluish ground colour and a purple aperture with two white bands.









Elefantes 27mm CS 1

Elefantes 27mm CS 2

Specimen 1 has many of the characteristics of typical C. chytreus; solid brown on spire; white ground colour with many rows of continuous spiral lines and a white aperture. Specimen2 with broader spiral lines is similar but the aperture has begun to turn purple.









Elefantes 27mm CS 3

Elefantes 28mm CS 4

Specimen 3 27mm has a greenish ground colour, a broad profile at the shoulder and a purple aperture without any spiral lines. Specimen 4 has traits which reflect C. variegatus and C. chytreus. Blue ground colour, purple aperture of C. variegatus and the solid brown spire and quite solid lines of *C. chytreus*.



Elefantes 36mm CS

This specimen with a blue ground colour and purple aperture, traits normally associated with C. variegatus, has the solid dark brown spiral lines of *C. chytreus*.

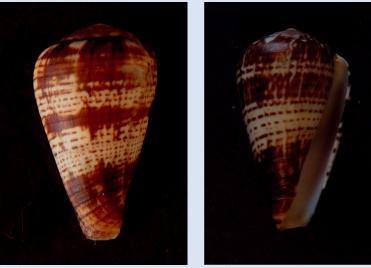
# **Conus species**



Elefantes 24mm GM Elefantes 18mm CS Elefantes 25mm CS 3 specimens with a pattern dominated by wavy thin axial brown lines; probably different species and each collected as single specimens.



Elefantes 22mm Atoll Elefantes 18mm Elefantes 18m Specimens, all with white aperture. No obvious current species.



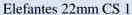
Elefantes 30mm CS Elefantes 32mm CS
Large specimens with white aperture and purple blotch which have some characteristics of *C. africanus*.



This 23mm specimen would be interpreted as *C. bocagei*. The species has only been reported from Lobito where it has not been found for years. It could also be interpreted as a *C. variegatus* with a white ground colour.

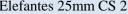
## Conus species.





















Elefantes 14mm CS 3

Elefantes 15mm CS 4

Elefantes 21mm CS 5

Elefantes is further north than any reported specimens of C. bulbus or C. musivus. Specimen 5 with its white aperture could be considered as a small adult of *C. lineopunctatus*. However specimens 1,2,3 have a pattern, built from arrowheads or chevrons, which is mostly found in C. musivus specimens.





Elefantes 29mm CS Elefantes 21mm white
The 29mm specimenwith many thin axial lines, traits of *C. cepasi* but with greenish ground

color and white band below middle, traits found in *C. variegatus*. The 21mm specimen with white aperture is difficult to interpret as any known species.

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Page last updated Oct 7 2019.